

# Barbell Maintenance

Barbell maintenance consist of four things; using the correct maintenance supplies, cleaning the knurling, wiping down the bar and lubricating the bushings and bearings.

## Maintenance Supplies:

Before cleaning or performing maintenance on the bar, make sure that you have the correct supplies for doing so. Using the wrong materials can actually damage the bar's finish, causing oxidation to occur.

The Supplies You'll Need:

- [Stiff, nylon brush](#). However if the bar is hard chrome or stainless steel, use a stainless brush. If brushing a stainless steel bar use a new stainless brush that has not been used on carbon steel to avoid carbon steel contaminating the stainless steel bar.
- [3-In-One oil](#)
- A rag that will be used to apply oil to the bar
- A rag for cleaning oil off the bar



## Step 1: Cleaning the Knurling

Before oiling the bar, you should clean the knurling. Leaving debris in the knurl, such as left over chalk or dirt from your hands, can cause the bar to rust over time.

1. Apply a small amount of oil to the bar's knurling.
2. Use the brush to clean chalk and dirt out of the knurl.

## Step 2: Wipe the Bar Down With Oil

Wiping down the bar with oil will help remove rust and protect the bar. If you want your bar to last a long time, this will be necessary. Especially if it's being used in a commercial gym, which is often times an extremely harsh environment for a barbell.

1. Apply a small amount of oil to the rag and wipe down the barbell with it.
2. Use the brush to work the oil into the knurling.
3. Let the oil on the bar dry for a few minutes.
4. Use the clean rag to wipe down the bar, cleaning up any excess oil.

## **Step 3: Lubricate the Bushings or Bearings**

If you want the sleeves of your bar to continue spinning smoothly, you'll have to regularly lubricate its bushings or bearings.

1. Stand the bar upright, or vertically.
2. With the bar standing straight up, apply a conservative amount of oil (a few drops) to the beginning, or inside, of the sleeve closest to the floor, where it meets the shaft. Slowly spin the sleeve while doing so to allow the lubricant to reach the entire bushing or bearing.
3. Use the cleaning rag to wipe up any excess oil.
4. Flip the bar so that the other end is facing up, and repeat steps 2-3 for the other sleeve.